



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
MIDDLE SECTION
ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2018-19**



MATHEMATICS(MARKING SCHEME - STD 8

DATE: 14 /03/19

SECTION A

1.	Write the standard form of 0. 0000569. 5.69×10^{-5}							
2.	Find the value of $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{-2} = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{25}{9}\right)$							
3.	Find the area of a rhombus whose diagonals are 18cm and 9 cm. $(18 \times 9)/2 = 81 \text{ cm}^2$							
4.	Find the LSA of a cube with edge 6cm. $4 \times 6 \times 6 = 144 \text{ cm}^2$							
5.	Find the probability of getting an even number when a die is rolled once. $3/6 = 1/2$							
6.	Write the coordinates of the origin. (0,0)							
SECTION B								
7.	Find the side of a square whose area is 676 m^2 . Side = square root of 676 = 26 cm							
8.	Factorise : $7ab + 9cd + 7ad + 9bc$ $= 7ab + 7ad + 9cd + 9bc$ $= 7a (b + d) + 9c (b + d)$ $= (b + d) (7a + 9c)$							
9.	Simplify $\left[3^3 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-3} \times \frac{1}{4} \right]$ $= (27 \times 2^3 \times 1/4) = (27 \times 8 \times 1/4) = (27 \times 2) = 54$							
10.	What is the cost price of an item which is sold at a loss of 25% for Rs 1500? <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">Cp = 100</td><td style="padding: 5px;">Loss = 25</td><td style="padding: 5px;">Sp = 75</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">Cp = x</td><td style="padding: 5px;">-</td><td style="padding: 5px;">Sp = 1500</td></tr> </table> $x = (1500 \times 100) / 75 = \text{Rs } 2000$	Cp = 100	Loss = 25	Sp = 75	Cp = x	-	Sp = 1500	
Cp = 100	Loss = 25	Sp = 75						
Cp = x	-	Sp = 1500						
11.	Solve: $5(2y + 1) = 3 (y - 3)$ $10y + 5 = 3y - 9$ $10y - 3y = -9 - 5$ $7y = -14$ $y = -2$							
12.	Write the quadrants in which the following points lie? (1, 2) , (5, -2) , (-4,-1) and (-6, 1). $1^{\text{st}}, 4^{\text{th}}, 3^{\text{rd}}, 2^{\text{nd}}$							

SECTION C

13. Find the least number which must be subtracted from 2361 to make it a perfect square.
Square root by division method.
Number to be subtracted remainder is 57

14. Construct a rectangle ABCD such that AB = 6.4 cm and BC = 5.2 cm
Drawing AB
draw 90
cut 5.2 cm
then completing

15. Simplify $(2x + y)(5x - 2y)$ and find the value when $x = 1$ and $y = 2$

$$= 2x(5x - 2y) + y(5x - 2y)$$

$$= 10x^2 - 4xy + 5xy - 2y^2$$

$$= 10x^2 + xy - 2y^2$$

$$= 10 \times 1^2 + 1 \times 2 - 2 \times 2^2$$

$$= 4$$

16. Factorise : $x^2 + 10x + 24$

$$= x^2 + 6x + 4x + 24 = x(x + 6) + 4(x + 6)$$

$$= (x + 6)(x + 4) \quad (\text{or any other method})$$

17. Simplify : $\frac{2^{-4} \times 25}{5^3 \times 10^{-4}}$

$$= \frac{10^4 \times 25}{2^4 \times 5^3}$$

$$= \frac{(2 \times 5)^4 \times 5^2}{2^4 \times 5^3} = \frac{(2)^4 \times (5)^4 \times 5^2}{2^4 \times 5^3} = \frac{5^6}{5^3} = 5^3 = 125$$

18. A shopkeeper charged Rs 1232 for a fan which includes 12% VAT on it. Find the price of the fan before VAT and also find the VAT amount.

Before VAT =100	VAT=12	After VAT =112
x	-	1232
x = (1232 x 100)/112 = Rs 1100	VAT amount = 1232 – 1100 = Rs 132	

19. Solve : $\frac{3x + 2}{5x + 4} = \frac{3}{4}$

$$4(3x + 2) = 3(5x + 4)$$

$$12x + 8 = 15x + 12$$

$$15x - 12x = 8 - 12$$

$$3x = -4 \quad \text{or} \quad x = -4/3$$

20. A class room 11m long, 8m wide and 5m high. Find the sum of the areas of its floor and the four walls.
Area = $2h(l + b) + l \times b$

$$= 2 \times 5(11 + 8) + 11 \times 8$$

$$= 10 \times 19 + 88$$

$$= 190 + 88$$

$$= 278 \text{ sq m}$$

21.	Construct a histogram for the following data.													
	<table><tr><td>Class interval</td><td>40-50</td><td>50-60</td><td>60-70</td><td>70- 80</td><td>80-90</td></tr><tr><td>Frequency</td><td>12</td><td>5</td><td>18</td><td>14</td><td>10</td></tr></table>	Class interval	40-50	50-60	60-70	70- 80	80-90	Frequency	12	5	18	14	10	
Class interval	40-50	50-60	60-70	70- 80	80-90									
Frequency	12	5	18	14	10									
	Drawing axes and correct scale Each bar													
22.	Draw a linear graph for the following data.													
	<table><tr><td>Sum (in rupees)</td><td>100</td><td>200</td><td>300</td><td>500</td></tr><tr><td>Annual S I (in rupees)</td><td>10</td><td>20</td><td>30</td><td>50</td></tr></table>	Sum (in rupees)	100	200	300	500	Annual S I (in rupees)	10	20	30	50			
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Annual S I (in rupees)	10	20	30	50										
	Drawing axes and correct scale Plotting points and joining the points													
SECTION D														
23.	Find the least number to be multiplied 704 to get a perfect square. Also find the square root of the number obtained. 704 = 2x2 x 2x2 x 2x2 x 11 The least number multiplied is 11 704 x 11 = 7744 Square root of 7744 = 2x2 x 2x11 = 88													
24.	Construct a parallelogram ABCD in which AB = 5.2cm, BC = 6.5 cm and BD = 7.8cm Drawing base AB 1/2 getting the point D (1/2 + 1/2), joining AD and BD getting the point C and completing ABCD													
25.	Simplify : (4a – 3b) ² + (4a + 3b) ² = (4a) ² – 2x 4a x 3b + (3b) ² + (4a) ² + 2x 4a x 3b + (3b) ² = 16a ² – 24ab + 9b ² +16a ² +24ab + 9b ² = 32a ² + 18b ²													
26.	Divide : 25pq (9b ² - 16) ÷ 5p (3b + 4) = 25pq((3b) ² –(4) ²) ÷ 5p (3b + 4) = 25pq(3b –4)(3b +4) ÷ 5p (3b + 4) = 5q (3b – 4)													
27.	Find the compound interest on Rs 12000 for 2 years compounded annually, the rate of interest being 5% per annum. A = p (1 + r/100) ⁿ = 12000 (1 + 5/100) ² = 12000 x 105/100 x 105/100 = Rs 13230 Compound Interest = 13230 – 12000 = Rs 1230													

28. Kiran is 24 years older than Rakesh. After 5 years, Kiran's age was three times the age of Rakesh. Find their present ages.

Rakesh present age x	Kiran present age is x + 24
After 5 years is x +5	X+ 24 + 5 = x + 29

Equation is $x + 29 = 3(x +5)$
 $x + 29 = 3x + 15$
 $3x - x = 29-15$
 $2x = 14$ or $x = 7$.
The ages are 7years and 31 years

29. The radius of a right circular cylinder is 7cm and its height is 20cm. Find its curved surface area and volume.

CSA = $2 \pi rh = 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 7 \times 20$
 $= 2 \times 22 \times 20 = 880$ sq cm
Volume = $\pi r^2h = \frac{22}{7} \times 7 \times 7 \times 20$
 $= 22 \times 7 \times 20$
 $= 3080$ cubic cm

30. The following table gives the number of different fruits kept in a carton. Represent the above data using a pie chart.

Types of fruits	Mangoes	Apples	Oranges	Pears	Grapes
Number of fruits	50	60	40	10	20

Total 180.
Calculating central angles
Drawing circle and marking correct angles.